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Comparative study on hiring discrimination

Codebook, Description of Microdata Flavia Fossati (University of Lausanne) Fabienne Liechti (University of Lausanne)

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Comparative study on hiring discrimination (COMPA_HIRE)

Overview

Abstract	This is data gathered through an online survey targeting employers or recruiters in three countries (Germany, Sweden, UK). This information was collected in 2019 by a team of researchers of the University of Lausanne and was financed by the Swiss National Science Foundation - Nccr on the move.
	The aim of this study was to explore whether employers discriminate against immigrant applicants and if yes, to assess which immigrant characteristics may trigger (more) discrimination
	Moreover, this data also allows to analyse whether there are particular respondent level traits (individual characteristics or characteristics of the firm s/he works for) that make respondents more likely to discriminate against immigrants. To this aim the survey collects general socio-demographic information about the respondent (personal characteristics, opinions), as well as details about the firm or company the respondent works for.
	In addition to these "more traditional" survey questions, the online survey also contained two d-efficient factorial or vignette experiments (see Wallander, 2009; Auspurg and Hintz, 2015 for more details on the factorial survey methodology/ or the use of vignettes in survey experiments).
	The vignettes describe fictitious immigrant applicants who apply for a position either as administrative assistant (=JOB1=Experiment 1) or as janitor/cleaner (JOB 2 = Experiment 2).
	Each respondent evaluated four randomly assigned descriptions of immigrant applicants> 4 vignettes for each job (i.e. for each experiment). Note that the characteristics of the candidates described in the vignettes vary at random (i.e. are experimentally manipulated according to a d-efficient design).
	Literature: Wallander, L. (2009), '25 years of factorial surveys in sociology: A review', Social Science Research, 38, 3, 505-520. Auspurg, K. and T. Hintz (2015), Factorial survey experiments, Los Angeles: SAGE.
Version of the microdata	This is anonymous data for publication.
State of data	15 December 2020
Kind of Data	Sample survey data [ssd]
Persistent Identifier	Discrimination-Vignettes
Scope	
Scope	The scope of the present dataset is to analyze hiring discrimination against immigrants in three Western European countries.

Moreover, information on the respondents (=recruiters/employers) is collected.



Keywords	Survey Experiment, Employers, Discrimination, Immigrants, Labour market integration		
Coverage			
Unit of Analysis	Respondents (=recruiter/employers).		
	Vignette descriptions are nested in Respondents. In other words, each Respondent evaluates 8 different fictitious refugee profiles that apply for a job (4 profiles apply for JOB 1 and 4 profiles apply for JOB2). Note that the characteristics of the immigrants that are varied are the same for both jobs (see more details below).		
Geographic Coverage	This survey is run in three countries that belong to different welfare state models (according to Esping-Anderson's typology).		
	The dataset includes a sample of employers/recruiters from each country. The respondents are representative in terms of the following characteristics:		
	1) exclusion condition: respondents need to have been involved at least in 1 recruitment process during the 12 months prior to taking the survey. If this condition is not fulfilled, respondents were discarded.		
	2) Quotas were applied: > age (50% had to be older than 35) > gender (50% female) > firm size (60% from firms up to 250 employees).		
	Sample sizes: 368 respondents for Germany, 362 for Sweden and 368 for the UK. These respondents rated a total of \sim 4,300 vignettes per job, which amounted to a total of \sim 8,700 vignettes overall. Note that for each of the two job 4 vignettes were presented (total of 8 vignetttes).		

Sampling

Sampling	The data were collected with an incentivized online panel run by an international
Procedure	market research firm (Qualtrics©) in February 2019.

Weighting Each respondent appears 8 times in the present dataset, this corresponds to the number of vignettes s/he evaluated. In other words, this dataset is ready to analyse the results of the survey experiments.

Please COLLAPSE the dataset if you are interested only in the demographic information.

Please always use clustered standard errors at the level of respondent or multilevel regression to analyse the rating of the 8 fictitious candidates (=experimental part) and in order to take into account the nested data structure (vignettes are nested in respondents).



Data Collection	
Data Collection Mode	Computer Assisted Personal Interview [capi]
Questionnaires	The questionnaires were translated from English into German and Swedish.
	The questionnaire starts with a question on hiring involvement. If respondents were NOT involved in at least one hiring process during the 12 months prior to the survey the respondents were discarded. Moreover, we set 3 quotas: age, gender and firm size.
	After these demographic questions we immediately introduced the two survey experiments.
	The first survey experiment describes a position (see description JOB1 and JOB2) and then the respondent is shown 4 vignettes containing a fictitious description of an immigrant who applies for this position. Thereby, the characteristics of the immigrant (i.e. their CV) were varied at random (see list of 8 characteristics below). Note that the order in which JOB1 and JOB2 were shown to the respondent was randomized. Note also that the characteristics of the respondent were randomized using a d-efficient design with d-efficiency of 90.1 (see Auspurg and Hintz, 2010).

	The jobs (JOB1 and JOB2) were described as follows:
	JOB 1: Please imagine that there is a job opening for the position of janitor at the firm you are currently working for and you are involved in the recruitment process.
	The position involves the following tasks: - Organization and execution of maintenance and service work - Maintenance of the outdoor facilities including green areas - Simple administrative tasks (e.g. ordering supplies)
	On the following screens, you will be presented with four applicants. All candidates have completed their compulsory education and are trained as plumbers (both in the UK). All have several years of professional experience on the job and have lost their previous position because of the closure of the firm due to an economic downturn.
	Please indicate for all four applicants how likely it is that you would invite them for a job interview. (1=very unlikely, 10=very likely).
	 JOB 2: Please, imagine that there is a job opening for the position of administrative assistant at the firm you are currently working at and you are involved in the recruitment process.
	The position involves the following tasks: - General secretarial work (correspondence and the keeping of the minutes) - Organisational tasks (reservation and preparation of meeting rooms) - Support to the accounts team



On the following screens, you will be presented with four applicants. All candidates have completed their compulsory education and have qualification in business (both in the UK).

All have several years of professional experience on the job and have lost their previous employment position because of the closure of the firm due to an economic downturn.

Please indicate for all four applicants how likely it is that you would invite them for a job interview. (1=very unlikely, 10=very likely).

EXPERIMENTAL MANIPULATION: Vignette describing fictitious immigrant applicants.

The characteristics of the immigrants that are described in the vignettes and that apply for JOB 1 and JOB 2 are experimentally varied.

These include the following characteristics:

1) Gender
 -->male
 -->female
 2) Age
 --> 25
 -->35
 -->45

-->55

3) Nationality

--> Native [country of survey]

-->Spain

- --> Poland
- -->Turkey

4) Application channel

--> Email

- -->Public Employment Service (PES)
- -->Private Employment Firm/Service

5) Language skills (country of destination = country of survey) --> s he speaks [language destination country] + English --> s he speaks [language destination country] + English + language of country of origin

6) Unemployment spell -->6 months -->12 months --> 18 months

7) Integration measures that has been attended (country of destination = country of survey)
 -->nothing (empty=reference)
 --> training measure



- --> Temporary Employment Program voluntary partecipation
- --> TEP mandatory partecipation

8) Soft skills

--> neutral description (His former employer describes him as a reliable and polite employee)

--> motivated description (His former employer describes him as a reliable and polite employee that has always completed his tasks independently and with great enthusiasm) -->manageable description (His former employer describes him as a reliable and polite employee that has always completed extra tasks without complain)

Survey Experiment: From the whole vignette universe of 8,100 possible combinations, we draw a defficient sub-sample of 220 vignettes per job (i.e. JOB1 and JOB2) that minimizes the correlation between the different dimensions in the vignette universe (Auspurg and Hintz, 2015).

The 220 vignettes were divided into 55 blocks of 4 vignettes each that were randomly distributed to respondents for each JOB.

We chose to have 4 vignettes per JOB because this resulted in eight vignettes per respondent (four for each job), and this is the number of vignettes respondents are usually able to evaluate without fatigue effects (Auspurg and Hintz, 2015).

This is an example of a possible vignette text - with randomly varied characteristics:

- Ms [Name] is 25 years old and is applying via email to the advertised position. She speaks English and Turkish.

- Ms [Name] has been seeking work for 12 months and has decided to participate in a government funded employment programme offered by the Jobcenter Plus.

- Her former employer describes her as a reliable and polite employee that has always completed extra work tasks without complaint.

Data Collector(s) Qualtrics , Market Research Firm

Accessibility

Contact(s) Flavia Fossati (University of Lausanne), flavia.fossati@unil.ch





Files Description

Dataset contains 1 file(s)

Discrimination-Vignettes				
File Content	This datafile contains only collected variables.			
Cases	8'784			
Variable(s)	57			
Version of the microdata	Tabular			
Notes	December 2020.			



Variables Groups

Dataset contains 2 groups

Group Respondent characteristics

Name	Label	Page
idj	Respondent ID	13
StartDate	Date survey started	13
Durationinseconds	Duration survey (seconds)	13
UserLanguage	Language of survey	13
country	Country of survey	14
Q_Language	Survey Language	14
conf_evaluation	Confidence evaluation of vignettes	17
r_gender	Respondent's gender	17
r_age	Respondents' age	17
firmsize	Firm size	18
region	Region	18
urban	Urban	18
sector	Sector	19
des_sector_other	Sector_other	19
organ_type	Organization type	20
des_organ_type	Organization_other	20
recruit_regional	Recruit at regional level	20
recruit_country	Recruit at national level	20
recruit_europe	Recruit at european level	21
recruit_international	Recruit at international level	21
r_position	Respondent's position in firm	21
des_r_position	Respondent's position_other	21
nr_recruitments	No. recruitment respondent was involved in	22
approval	Approval of respondent necessary for hiring?	22
diff_recruiting	Difficulties recruiting staff	22
PES_opening	Respondent infroms Public Employment Service of new openings?	23
PES_recommendation	r Consider PES recommendations?	23
utility_training	Utilit of ALMP: Training	23
utility_TEP	Utilit of ALMP: Temporary employment	24
utility_subsidy	Utilit of ALMP: Subsidy	24
r_education	Respondent's education	25
r_edu_other	Respondent's education_other	25
diversity	Attendance of diversity training?	25



Name	Label	Page
rec_experience	Years of recruitment experience	25
r_natio	Respondent's nationality	26
ever_unempl	Respondent ever been unemployed?	26
r_ALMP	Respondent ever participated in ALMP	26
Q26_1_solidarity	Opinion: Solidarity with the unemployed	27
Q26_2_needLM	Opinion: Unemployed should make more effort	27
Q26_3_pression	Opinion: State pressure on unemployed	27
Q26_4_contract	Opinion: Contract with the state	28
Q26_5_lebensstanda	r Opinion: Living standard	28
Q27_1_nativesfirst	Opinion: Natives prioritized	28
Q27_2_gleich	Opinion: Prioritization of women	29
Q27_3_kids	Opinion: Mothers should look after children	29
Q27_4_mig	Opinion: Migration is good for the economy	29

Group Vignette variables

Name	Label	Page
j	Vignette ID	13
rate	DV Rating (vignettes)	14
age	Age (vignettes)	15
gender	Gender (vignettes)	15
nationality	Nationality (vignettes)	15
channel	Application channel (vignettes)	15
unemployment	Unemployment duration (vignettes)	16
ALMP	ALMP (vignettes)	16
language	Language skills (vignettes)	16
softskill	Soft skills (vignettes)	16
осс	Experiment (JOB1 and JOB2)	17



Variables List

Dataset contains 57 variable(s)

File Discrimination-Vignettes

	Name	Label	Data Type	Valid
1	idj	Respondent ID	discrete	8'784
2	j	Vignette ID	discrete	8'784
3	StartDate	Date survey started	discrete	0
4	Durationinseconds	Duration survey (seconds)	continuous	8'784
5	UserLanguage	Language of survey	discrete	8'784
6	country	Country of survey	discrete	8'784
7	Q_Language	Survey Language	discrete	8'784
8	rate	DV Rating (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
9	age	Age (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
10	gender	Gender (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
11	nationality	Nationality (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
12	channel	Application channel (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
13	unemployment	Unemployment duration (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
14	ALMP	ALMP (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
15	language	Language skills (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
16	softskill	Soft skills (vignettes)	discrete	8'784
17	occ	Experiment (JOB1 and JOB2)	discrete	8'784
18	conf_evaluation	Confidence evaluation of vignettes	discrete	8'784
19	r_gender	Respondent's gender	discrete	8'784
20	r_age	Respondents' age	discrete	8'784
21	firmsize	Firm size	discrete	8'784
22	region	Region	discrete	8'784
23	urban	Urban	discrete	8'784
24	sector	Sector	discrete	8'784
25	des_sector_other	Sector_other	discrete	544
26	organ_type	Organization type	discrete	8'784
27	des_organ_type	Organization_other	discrete	24
28	recruit_regional	Recruit at regional level	discrete	8'784
29	recruit_country	Recruit at national level	discrete	8'784
30	recruit_europe	Recruit at european level	discrete	8'784
31	recruit_international	Recruit at international level	discrete	8'784
32	r_position	Respondent's position in firm	discrete	8'784
33	des_r_position	Respondent's position_other	discrete	1'200



	Name	Label	Data Type	Valid
34	nr_recruitments	No. recruitment respondent was involved in	discrete	8'784
35	approval	Approval of respondent necessary for hiring?	discrete	8'784
36	diff_recruiting	Difficulties recruiting staff	discrete	8'784
37	PES_opening	Respondent infroms Public Employment Service of new openings?	discrete	8'784
38	PES_recommendation	Consider PES recommendations?	discrete	8'784
39	utility_training	Utilit of ALMP: Training	discrete	8'784
40	utility_TEP	Utilit of ALMP: Temporary employment	discrete	8'784
41	utility_subsidy	Utilit of ALMP: Subsidy	discrete	8'784
42	r_education	Respondent's education	discrete	8'664
43	r_edu_other	Respondent's education_other	discrete	96
44	diversity	Attendance of diversity training?	discrete	8'784
45	rec_experience	Years of recruitment experience	discrete	8'784
46	r_natio	Respondent's nationality	discrete	8'784
47	ever_unempl	Respondent ever been unemployed?	discrete	8'784
48	r_ALMP	Respondent ever participated in ALMP	discrete	4'800
49	Q26_1_solidarity	Opinion: Solidarity with the unemployed	discrete	8'776
50	Q26_2_needLM	Opinion: Unemployed should make more effort	discrete	8'728
51	Q26_3_pression	Opinion: State pressure on unemployed	discrete	8'752
52	Q26_4_contract	Opinion: Contract with the state	discrete	8'728
53	Q26_5_lebensstandar	Opinion: Living standard	discrete	8'672
54	Q27_1_nativesfirst	Opinion: Natives prioritized	discrete	8'784
55	Q27_2_gleich	Opinion: Prioritization of women	discrete	8'784
56	Q27_3_kids	Opinion: Mothers should look after children	discrete	8'784
57	Q27 4 mig	Opinion: Migration is good for the economy	discrete	8'784



Alphabetical List

Dataset contains 57 variable(s)

Name	Label	Page
ALMP	ALMP (vignettes)	16
Durationinseconds	Duration survey (seconds)	13
PES_opening	Respondent infroms Public Employment Service of new openings?	23
PES_recommendatio	r Consider PES recommendations?	23
Q26_1_solidarity	Opinion: Solidarity with the unemployed	27
Q26_2_needLM	Opinion: Unemployed should make more effort	27
Q26_3_pression	Opinion: State pressure on unemployed	27
Q26_4_contract	Opinion: Contract with the state	28
Q26_5_lebensstanda	r Opinion: Living standard	28
Q27_1_nativesfirst	Opinion: Natives prioritized	28
Q27_2_gleich	Opinion: Prioritization of women	29
Q27_3_kids	Opinion: Mothers should look after children	29
Q27_4_mig	Opinion: Migration is good for the economy	29
Q_Language	Survey Language	14
StartDate	Date survey started	13
UserLanguage	Language of survey	13
age	Age (vignettes)	15
approval	Approval of respondent necessary for hiring?	22
channel	Application channel (vignettes)	15
conf_evaluation	Confidence evaluation of vignettes	17
country	Country of survey	14
des_organ_type	Organization_other	20
des_r_position	Respondent's position_other	21
des_sector_other	Sector_other	19
diff_recruiting	Difficulties recruiting staff	22
diversity	Attendance of diversity training?	25
ever_unempl	Respondent ever been unemployed?	26
firmsize	Firm size	18
gender	Gender (vignettes)	15
idj	Respondent ID	13
j	Vignette ID	13
language	Language skills (vignettes)	16
nationality	Nationality (vignettes)	15
nr_recruitments	No. recruitment respondent was involved in	22
occ	Experiment (JOB1 and JOB2)	17





Name	Label	Page
organ_type	Organization type	20
r_ALMP	Respondent ever participated in ALMP	26
r_age	Respondents' age	17
r_edu_other	Respondent's education_other	25
r_education	Respondent's education	25
r_gender	Respondent's gender	17
r_natio	Respondent's nationality	26
r_position	Respondent's position in firm	21
rate	DV Rating (vignettes)	14
rec_experience	Years of recruitment experience	25
recruit_country	Recruit at national level	20
recruit_europe	Recruit at european level	21
recruit_international	Recruit at international level	21
recruit_regional	Recruit at regional level	20
region	Region	18
sector	Sector	19
softskill	Soft skills (vignettes)	16
unemployment	Unemployment duration (vignettes)	16
urban	Urban	18
utility_TEP	Utilit of ALMP: Temporary employment	24
utility_subsidy	Utilit of ALMP: Subsidy	24
utility_training	Utilit of ALMP: Training	23



Variables Description

Dataset contains 57 variable(s)

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Discrimination-Vignettes

1 idj Responde	nt ID
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-1'098, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0
Definition	Respondent ID - please note that each respondent appears 8 times in this dataset.
2 j Vignette ID	
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-8, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0
Definition	Vignette ID please note there are 4 vignettes for JOB1 and 4 vignettes for JOB2.
3 StartDate Da	te survey started
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=0
Definition	Date survey was taken by respondent.
4 Durationinse	conds Duration survey (seconds)
Information	Data Type: continuous, Format: numeric, Range: 130-10'837, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0
Definition	Duration of the complete survey in seconds.
5 UserLangua	ge Language of survey
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0
Definition	Language in which the survey was answered.
Value	N Percentage
DE	2'944 33.5%
EN-GB	3'064 34.9%
SV	2'776 31.6%





6 country Country of survey				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Country of residence of respondent.			
Value		Ν	Percentage	
Germany		2'944		33.5%
Sweden		2'896		33.0%
UK		2'944		33.5%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

7 Q_Languag	e Survey Language			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Language in which the survey was answered.			
Value		Ν	Percentage	
DE		2'944		33.5%
EN-GB		3'064		34.9%
SV		2'776		31.6%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

8 rate DV Rating (vignettes)			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-10, Missing: *		
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0, Mean=7.0		
Definition	Dependent variable: rating of the willingness to invited the fictitious applicant for a job interview.		
Literal question	Q: Please indicate how likely it is that you would invite the candidate for a job interview. (1=very unlikely, 10=very likely).		

Value	N Percentage	
1	226 2.6%	
2	206 2.3%	
3	300 3.4%	
4	421 4.8%	
5	811 9.2%	
6	1'069 12.2%	
7	1'605 18.3%	
8	1'822 20.7%	0.7%
9	1'118 12.7%	
10	1'206 13.7%	



9 age Age (vignettes)				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 25-55, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Age of the fictitious applicant. (experimental manipulation)			
Value	N Percentage			
25	2'206	25.1%		
35	2'243	25.5%		
45	2'168	24.7%		
55	2'167	24.7%		

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

10 gender Gender (vignettes)				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Gender of the applicant. (experimental manipulation)			
Value		Ν	Percentage	
male	4'	'412		50.2%
other	4'	'372		49.8%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

11 nationality	Nationality (vignettes)			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Nationality of the fictituous applicant. (experimental manip	pulatior	1)	
Value		Ν	Percentage	
Polish		2'096		23.9%
Spanish		2'231		25.4%
Turkish		2'223		25.3%
native		2'234		25.4%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

12 channel Application channel (vignettes)				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Application channel. (experimental manipulation)			
Value		Ν	Percentage	
PES		2'850		32.4%
Privat		2'942		33.5%
mail		2'992		34.1%



13 unemployment Unemployment duration (vignettes)				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Unemployment duration. (experimental manipulation)			
Value		Ν	Percentage	
12 months		2'876		32.7%
18 months		2'823		32.1%
6 months		3'085		35.1%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

14 ALMP ALMP (vignettes)					
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *				
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0				
Definition	Active Labour Market Programme in which the applican	it took pa	art. (experimental manipulation)		
Value		Ν	Percentage		
none		1'755		20.0%	
subsidy		1'759		20.0%	
tep mandatory		1'848		21.0%	
tep voluntary		1'691		19.3%	
training		1'731		19.7%	

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

15 language Language skills (vignettes)				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Language skills of the applicant. (experimental manipulation)			
Value	Ν	Percentage		
2 lang	4'425		50.4%	
3 lang	4'359		49.6%	

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

16 softskill Soft skills (vignettes) Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: * Information Statistics Valid=8784, Invalid=0 Definition Soft skills of the applicant. (experimental manipulation) Value N Percentage 2'922 33.3% motivation polite 32.5% 2'854 tractability 3'008 34.2%





17 occ Experiment (JOB1 and JOB2)					
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *				
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0				
Definition	Occupation described in the experiment. For each occupation the respondents evaluates 4 vignettes (8 in te	total).			
Value	N Percentage				
Admin	4'392	50.0%			
Clean	4'392	50.0%			

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

18 **conf_evaluation** Confidence evaluation of vignettes

Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0
Definition	Level of confidence with the evaluation of the vignette experiment.
Literal question	Q: Overall, how confident did you feel when assessing the profiles of the jobseekers?
Value	N Percentage
Sure	5'216 59.4%
Unsure	1'328 15.1%
Very sure	1'800 20.5%
Very unsure	440 5.0%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

19 r_gender Respondent's gender Information Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: * Statistics Valid=8784, Invalid=0 Definition Respondent's gender. Value N Value N female 4'416 male 4'9.7%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

20 r_age Respondents' age Information Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: * Statistics Valid=8784, Invalid=0 Definition Respondent's age. Value N Percentage 18-25 1'152 13.1% 26-34 36.6% 3'216 35-45 2'000 22.8% 46-55 1'576 17.9% 55+ 840 9.6%



21 firmsize Firm size						
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *					
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0					
Definition	Firm size respondent works for.					
Value		Ν	Percentage			
18172		1'896			21.6%	
250-499		1'200		13.7%		
44075		1'024		11.7%		
50-249		2'368			27.0%	, D
500+		2'296			26.1%	

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

22 region Regi	on
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0
Definition	Region in which the company is located.
Literal question	Q6 Where is the company for which you are currently working located? (If there are several locations, give the location of the headquarter.)

23 urban Urban

Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *						
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0						
Definition	Location of the company.						
Literal question	Q: In what kind of area is your company located?						
Value		Ν	Percentage	9			
5		480	5.5%	, D			
centre		3'392					38.6%
middle town		1'816			20.79	%	
suburb		2'168			2	24.7%	
ural		928		10.6%			



24 sector Sector	or					
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *					
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0					
Definition	Activity domain of the company the respondent wor	ks for.				
Literal question	Q: In which domain is your company active? (If you work for more than one company, please any work most hours.)	swer the ques	stions with reference t	o the com	pany whe	re you
Value		Ν	Percentage			
Admin support		224	2.6%			
Agriculture		224	2.6%			
Arts		272	3.1%			
Construction		448	5.	1%		
Education		568		6.5%		
Electricity		208	2.4%			
Financial		600		6.8%		
Health		776			8.8%	
Hospitality		400	4.6%	6		
Information		824			9.4%	
Manufacturing		1'000				11.4%
Mining		104	1.2%			
Other		576		6.6%		
Other services		592		6.7%		
Professional		392	4.5%	, D		
Public Admin		384	4.4%)		
Real estate		168	1.9%			
Transport		344	3.9%			
Waste		32	0.4%			
Wholesale		648		7.4%	6	

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

25 des_sector_other Sector_other

InformationData Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *StatisticsValid=544, Invalid=0DefinitionOpen description sector.





26 organ_type	Organization type			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Company type respondent works for.			
Literal question	Q: Please indicate your company type:			
Value		Ν	Percentage	
non-profit		368	4.2%	
other		32	0.4%	
parapublic		296	3.4%	
private		6'024		68.6%
public		1'048	11.9%	
public admin		1'016	11.6%	

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

27 des_organ_type Organization_other

Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=24, Invalid=0
Definition	Open description company type.

28 recruit_regional Recruit at regional level

Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0
Definition	Does the firm recruit jobseekers at regional level?
Literal question	Q: From which region(s) do you usually recruit new staff members? never=1; rarely=2; sometimes=3; often=4
Value	N Percentage
never	384 4.4%
often	6'272 71.4%
rarely	560 6.4%
sometimes	1'568 17.9%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

29 recruit_country Recruit at national level

Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *				
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0				
Definition	Does the firm recruit jobseekers at national level?				
Literal question	Q: From which region(s) do you usually recruit new staff member national: never=1; rarely=2; sometimes=3; often=4	ers?			
Value	Ν	Percentage			
never	960	10.9%			
often	2'640			30.1%	
rarely	1'648		18.8%		
sometimes	3'536				40.3%





30 recruit_europe Recruit at european level								
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *							
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0							
Definition	Does the firm recruit jobseekers at European level?							
Literal question	Q: From which region(s) do you usually recruit new staff members? European: never=1; rarely=2; sometimes=3; often=4							
Value		Ν	Percentage					
never	2	2'664			30.3%			
often	1'	'264		14.4%				
rarely	2	2'440			27.8%			
sometimes	2	2'416			27.5%			

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

31 recruit_international Recruit at international level						
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *					
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0					
Definition	Does the firm recruit jobseekers at international level?					
Literal question	Q: From which region(s) do you usually recruit new staff members? international: never=1; rarely=2; sometimes=3; often=4					
Value		Ν	Percentage			
never		3'336				38.0%
often		1'152		13.1%		
rarely		2'320			26.4%	
sometimes		1'976			22.5%	

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

32 r_position Respondent's position in firm

Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *					
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0					
Definition	Respondent's position in firm.					
Literal question	Q: What is your role in your company?					
Value		Ν	Percentage			
Director		1'040		11.8%		
HR-Responsable		1'784			20.3%	
Leader HR		1'984			22.6%	
Line manager		2'576				29.3%
other		1'400		15.99	%	

*

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

33 des_r_position Respondent's position_other

Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing
Statistics	Valid=1200, Invalid=0
Definition	Open description of position.



34 nr_recruitments No. recruitment respondent was involved in				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 0-500, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0, Mean=16.4			
Definition	No. recruitment respondent was involved in.			
Literal question	Q: In how many recruitments were you involved during the last 12 months? (If you do not recall the exact number, please indicate an estimate.)			

Frequency table not shown (69 Modalities)

35 approval Approval of respondent necessary for hiring?

Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *				
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0				
Definition	Approval by respondent required to hire?				
Literal question	Q: Was your agreement necessary for the hiring of a candidate?				
Value	N Percentage				
No	1'592 18.1%				
Yes	7'192 8	1.9%			

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

36 diff_recruiting Difficulties recruiting staff						
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *				
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0					
Definition	Difficulty hiring staff.					
Literal question	Q: How difficult was it to recruit new staff during the last 12 months? o Very difficult (1) o Difficult (2) o Easy (3) o Very easy (4)					
Value		Ν	Percentage			
Difficult		4'104		46.7%		
Easy		3'512		40.0%		
Verv difficult		696	7.9%			

472 5.4%

Very easy





37 PES_opening Respondent infroms Public Employment Service of new openings?							
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *						
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0						
Definition	Use Jobcenter to promote openings.						
Literal question	Q: How often do you consider the services of the Jobcentre Plus when recruiting new staff members? Announce open position: 1=never> 5=always						
Value		Ν	Percentage				
Always		1'088	12.4%				
Never		1'312	14.9%				
Often		2'200	25.0%				
Rarely		1'464	16.7%				
Sometimes		2'720	31.0%				

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

38 PES_recommendation Consider PES recommendations?								
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *							
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0							
Definition	Respondent ask recommendations of Jobcenter for hiring?							
Literal question	Q: How often do you consider the services of the Jobcentre Plus when recruiting new staff members? Ask for recommended candidates to fill open positions : 1=never> 5=always							
Value N Percentage								
Always	696 7.9%							
Never	1'520 17.3%							
Often	2'000 22.8%							
Rarely	1'432 16.3%							
Sometimes	3'136 35.7%							

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

39 utility_training Utilit of ALMP: Training						
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *					
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0					
Definition	Utilit of training for jobseekers.					
Literal question	Q: How useful do you consider the following measures to be in helping unemployed individuals reintegrate into the labour market?: Training: 1=not at all useful>4 very useful (5=na)					
Value	N Percentage					
Don't know	336 3.8%					
Not at all useful	536 6.1%					
Not useful	1'120 12.8%					
Useful	3'504 39.9%					
Very useful	3'288 37.4%					



40 utility_TEP Utilit of ALMP: Temporary employment							
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *						
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0						
Definition	Utilit of employment programs for jobseekers.						
Literal question	Q: How useful do you consider the following measures to be in helping unemployed individuals reintegrate into the labour market?: Employment programs: 1=not at all useful>4 very useful (5=na)						
Value	N Percentage						
Don't know	400 4.6%						
Not at all useful	848 9.7%						
Not useful	1'800 20.5%						
Useful	3'456 39.3%						
Very useful	2'280 26.0%						

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

	41 utility_subs	idy Utilit of ALMP: Subsidy					
	Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *					
	Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0					
	Definition	Utilit of wage subsidy for jobseekers.					
Literal question Q: How useful do you consider the following measures to be in hel labour market?: Wage subsidy: 1=not at all useful>4 very useful (5=na)				nelping unem	ployed individu	als reintegrate	into the
	Value		Ν	Percentage			
	Don't know		408	4.6%			
	Not at all useful		440	5.0%			
	Not useful	1'	'200		13.7%		
	Useful	4	'040				46.0%
	Very useful	2	'696			30.7%	





42 r_educatior	Respondent's education
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-9, Missing: */9
Statistics	Valid=8664, Invalid=120
Definition	Respondent's highest education level.
Literal question	What is your highest educational qualification? o No completed education (1) o Compulsory education (e.g. GCSEs, Standard Grades) (2) o Upper Secondary Education (e.g. A-levels, Highers/Advanced Highers) (4) o Tertiary Education (University) (5) - 9=no answer
Value	N Percentage

1	152	2	1.8%		
2	696	6	8.0%		
4	2'672	2		30.8%	
5	5'144	4			59.4%
9	120	0			

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

43 r_edu_othe	r Respondent's education_other			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=96, Invalid=0			
Definition	Other description of education.			
44 diversity At	tendance of diversity training?			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Respondent ever participated in diversity training?			
Literal question	Q: Have you received any diversity training?			
Value		Ν	Percentage	
No		4'312		49.1%
Yes		4'472		50.9%

45 rec_experience Years of recruitment experience			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 0-60, Missing: *		
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0, Mean=12.4		
Definition	Respondent's hiring experience.		
Literal question	Q: How many years of hiring experience do you have?		



46 r_natio Respondent's nationality				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	Respondent's nationality.			
Literal question	Which nationality do you hold?			
Value		Ν	Percentage	
EU/EFTA		440	5.0%	
Native		8'208		93.4%
Other nationality		136	1.5%	

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

47 ever_unempl Respondent ever been unemployed?					
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *				
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0				
Definition	Respondent unemployment.				
Literal question	Q: Have you ever been unemployed during your working life? (Please indicate the total length of all unemployment spell, e.g months indicate an unemployment duration of 4 months.) o Yes, for 6 months or less (1) o Yes, for more than 6 months (2) o No, I have never been unemployed (3)	. when you were u	nemployed two	times for	2
Value	١	N Percentage			
Max 6 months	3'080)		35.1%	
More 6 months	1'720)	19.6%		
Never	3'984	4			45.4%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

48 r_ALMP Respondent ever participated in ALMP			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: Character, Missing: *		
Statistics	Valid=4800, Invalid=0		
Definition	If respondent has ever been unemployed s/he was asked if s/he participated in a labour market training.		
Literal question	Q: While unemployed, did you participate in an active labour market measure offered by the Jobcentre Plus? (For example, a training course or another measure offered to unemployed individuals.)		
Value	N Percentage		
NIa	01050 47.00/		

	-	
No	2'256	47.0%
Yes	2'544	53.0%





49 Q26_1_solidarity Opinion: Solidarity with the unemployed				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8776, Invalid=8			
Definition	There should be more solidarity with unemployed people			
Literal question	Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? There should be more solidarity with unemployed people : 1=str	rongly disagree> 4 strongly agree.		
Value	Ν	Percentage		
1	448	5.1%		
2	1'856	21.1%		
3	4'864	55.4%		
4	1'608	18.3%		
Sysmiss	8			

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

50 Q26_2_needLM Opinion: Unemployed should make more effort				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8728, Invalid=56			
Definition	Unemployed people should make more of an effort to adapt to the needs of the labour market			
Literal question	Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? Unemployed people should make more of an effort to adapt to the needs of the labour market : 1=strongly disagree> 4 strongly agree.			
Value	N Percentage			
1	496 5.7%			
2	1'784 20.4%			
3	4'776 54.7%			
4	1'672 19.2%			
Sysmiss	56			

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

51 Q26_3_pression Opinion: State pressure on unemployed			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: *		
Statistics	Valid=8752, Invalid=32		
Definition	The state should exert more pressure on the unemployed to make them find a job more quickly		
Literal question	Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? The state should exert more pressure on the unemployed to make them find a job more quickly : 1=strongly disagree> 4 strongly agree		
Value	N Percentage		

1	872 10.0%	
2	2'368 27.1%	
3	3'768	43.1%
4	1'744 19.9%	
Sysmiss	32	



25.5%

18.9%

16.9%

File Discrimination-Vignettes

4

4

4

Sysmiss

Sysmiss

52 Q26_4_contract Opinion: Contract with the state			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: *		
Statistics	Valid=8728, Invalid=56		
Definition	To obtain benefits, the unemployed should have to sign a personal agreement specifying rights and duties at their local Jobcentre Plus		
Literal question	Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? To obtain benefits, the unemployed should have to sign a personal agreement specifying rights and duties at their local Jobcentre Plus : 1=strongly disagree> 4 strongly agree		
Value	N Percentage		
1	680 7.8%		
2	1'464 16.8%		
3	4'360 50.0%		

2'224

1'640

1'488

112

56

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

53 Q26_5_lebensstandard Opinion: Living standard Information Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: * Statistics Valid=8672, Invalid=112 Definition The unemployed should be able to maintain their living standard Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? Literal question The unemployed should be able to maintain their living standard : 1=strongly disagree --> 4 strongly agree Value N Percentage 1 728 8.4% 2 28.3% 2'456 3 3'848 44.4%

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

54 Q27_1_nativesfirst Opinion: Natives prioritized			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: *		
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0		
Definition	[country of survey] workers should be given preferential treatment on the labour market		
Literal question	Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? [country of survey] workers should be given preferential treatment on the labour market : 1=strongly disagree> 4 strongly agree.		
Value	N Pe	ercentage	
1	1'368	15.6%	
2	2'696	30.7%	
3	3'232	36.8%	



55 Q27_2_gleich Opinion: Prioritization of women				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	When recruiting new staff, preference should be given to women with equal qualifications			
Literal question	 Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? When recruiting new staff, preference should be given to women with equal qualifications : 1=strongly disagree > 4 strongly agree. 			
Value	N Percentage			
1	1'312 14.9%			
2	3'144 35.8%			
3	3'152 35.9%			
4	1'176 13.4%			

Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

56 Q27_3_kids Opinion: Mothers should look after children			
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: *		
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0		
Definition	Children should primary been looked after by the mother		
Literal question	Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? Children should primary been looked after by the mother : 1=str	ongly disagree> 4 strongly agree	
Value	Ν	Percentage	
1	2'568		29.2%
2	2'848		32.4%
3	2'360		26.9%

•	2000		20.0
4	1'008	11.5%	
Comment: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They car	not be interpreted as summary statistics of the	e population of interest.	

57 Q27_4_mig Opinion: Migration is good for the economy				
Information	Data Type: discrete, Format: numeric, Range: 1-4, Missing: *			
Statistics	Valid=8784, Invalid=0			
Definition	In general, migration is good for the [country of survey] economy	/		
Literal question	Q: To what extent do you agree with the following statements? In general, migration is good for the [country of survey] economy	: 1=strongly dis	agree> 4 strongly agre	e.
Value	Ν	Percentage		
1	824	9.4%		
2	1'928		21.9%	
3	4'368			49.7%
4	1'664		18.9%	





Appendices

The documents listed below are available on the nccr - on the move website (nccronthemove.ch)

Other resources

Supplementary Material

www.nccr-onthemove.ch/DataManagement/Codebooks/DiscriminationVignettes/SupplementaryMaterial.pdf

Codebook in pdf version

www.nccr-onthemove.ch/DataManagement/Codebooks/DiscriminationVignettes/DiscriminationVignettes.pdf

DDI file containing all metadata included in this Codebook

www.nccr-onthemove.ch/DataManagement/Codebooks/DiscriminationVignettes/DiscriminationVignettes.xml



